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W HANN'S RAW BONE SUPER PHOSPHATE.

The unexampled success of this renowned manure during many years, has won for it a reputation which few other fertilizers can claim. Its sales are very extensive in all parts of the country, especially in the South where cotton and corn are largely grown. No decided and positive have been its results on these important staples, that in many sections it is preferred to all other manures.

Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate

is prompt and active in its effects. It starts the young plant vigorously, and by its prompt and active supply of nutriment during the period of its growth, brings the crop to a healthy maturity in time to escape the ravages of early frosts.

We offer this well-known fertilizer to our friends, confident that they will concur in the opinion of the leading planters of the South, that for Cotton and Corn it is unequalled.

WILLIAMSON, UPCHURCH & THOMAS,

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THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. III.

RALEIGH N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 24, 1874.

NO 145

LOCAL MATTER.

E. O. WOODSON, City Editor.

SPECIAL CITY ITEMS.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL may be had at Branson's Book Store, only 5 cents a copy. Jan 18-74

Having adopted the CASE SYSTEM, which will be strictly adhered to, no name will hereafter be placed upon the mail books without the cash accompanying the same. All subscribers will be notified before the expiration of the time for which the paper has been paid.

STONE & UZZELL.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

There are four prisoners in the county work house.

The Board of County Commissioners meet on Thursday.

A good second-hand wagon wanted. See notice elsewhere.

The bees were humming yesterday morning like a day in June.

The Lenten services at the Episcopal church are well attended.

Our dog population is fearfully and wonderfully on the increase.

The Board of County Commissioners meet on Wednesday week.

They have actually gone to storing cotton in the court house porch.

The Board of Directors for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum met last evening.

Gov. Caldwell left for his home in Morganton on Sunday afternoon. He will be absent several days.

United States Marshal, Douglass, passed through this city yesterday morning en route for Warrenton.

There are ten colored and five white prisoners in our jail at present. Of the colored persons two are women.

Mr. E. G. Brown, of this city, is the agent for the sale of prepaid migration tickets for the Allan Steamship line.

See notice of the dissolution of the firm of C. D. Heatt & Co., and Mr. Heatt's announcement of continuing the business.

Two persons—a young lady and young man—were baptised at the Salisbury Street Baptist Church last Sunday evening.

We were glad to learn at 10 o'clock last night that Mrs. Battle, wife of Hon. W. H. Battle, who has been dangerously ill for several days, was improving.

See important advertisement on fourth page concerning the sale of spirituous liquors in certain localities, being the bill recently passed by the Legislature upon this subject.

Fears are entertained that the forward weather will cause the first crop to bloom prematurely, and to be cut by the first cold snap that comes along. A bad effect upon early vegetables is also feared.

By reference to advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Dr. R. B. Haywood offers for sale or rent a valuable plantation situated about two miles southeast of Raleigh.

The legal holiday of the 22nd of February falling on Sunday, it was observed yesterday. The courts were closed and hunting was displayed over the public buildings.

Major Seaton Gales, of this city, will deliver a lecture in Salem on Friday evening next. We congratulate the Salemites; they will have an intellectual treat if the Major sustains his reputation, and we have no doubt but that he will.

The enterprising firm of Thompson & Whitaker have taken the agency for the old and reliable Navassa Guano, and are prepared to fill orders in any quantity. Look out for their advertisement in our next issue.

At the head of Fayetteville street, yesterday morning, Father McNamara placed a large and beautifully printed placard in relation to the proposed Immigration Convention in this city, on St. Patrick's Day, Tuesday, March 17th.

The following letters are now held in the postoffice in this city for lack of proper postage:

Mrs. James Gordon, Richmond, Va.; Master Willie Bebe, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. Sallie M. Bebe, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. Sallie M. Bebe, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. Sallie M. Bebe, Brooklyn, N. Y.

THE BODY OF JNO. PYLES.—Our readers will remember the circumstances of the mysterious disappearance, on last Christmas, of a young man of this county, named Jno. Pyles, who was last seen with some young men on that day at Davis' store, some four miles from Raleigh. Four play was at the time suspected, as the missing man had been in a difficulty on that day with some other young man; but no clue could be found to his disappearance, and the evidence could be obtained against any one.

Yesterday the body of Pyles was found floating in the Poor House pond, some short distance from the store, with the head mashed in, leaving the suspicion of foul play. The Coroner will to-day investigate the matter, and it is to be hoped the perpetrators of the crime will be brought to light.

PERSONAL.—Major John W. Dunham, Senator from Wilson, has been confined to his room from severe indisposition since the adjournment of the Legislature. We are pleased to know, however, that his health is improving.

Col. McCloud Turner, Engrossing Clerk of the Senate, is also still in the city.

THE QUESTION OF INSPECTORS.—What should be done?—As the matter of inspection of various articles of merchandise is a question of great importance to our citizens, both traders and consumers, our columns are open to a discussion of the matter. We give below the following communication for what it is worth:

Messrs. Editors:—The increasing traffic of this city has led to the appointment of an inspector or weigher of cotton, and it is now said that a similar officer for the inspection of wood and coal is about to be appointed. Maybe it will be right, but as to inspecting wood, why every man is skilled in that already, who lives in Raleigh, and can tell the fraction of a cent what kind of wood it is and how much it is worth. But as to the matter of coal, both bituminous and anthracite, that is a different question. Indeed, we need an inspector of that article, and one who will do his duty. For if a coal-dealer buys by the long ton, and charging the same prices, sells by the short ton, he gets into the purchaser some two hundred pounds, and a few dollars over. And even if he does not, he gets into the purchaser here and there a loss which the poor are not able to bear. An honest inspection of coal will bring the price down below wood, and per contra, the price of wood will go up. That it may be well to have such an inspector. Now there is another matter to be looked after also, to-wit: beef and bread. For I have no doubt that bad meat is sold in this market, and bad bread also. I make no charges against any particular butcher, but there are some of them who are not reputable enough to be trusted with the selling of wooden hams, which can't be digested, to let alone the hind-quarter of a diseased steer, or a feverish, consumptive sheep from the miserable pastures of this county. Let us have a man who will order a cart load or so of this blue, greasy, glue and tow looking meat, buried on gallows hill, and the people will have better beef for their money hereafter.

Besides this there is the question of flour, meal potatoes, etc. These should be weighed and inspected in the barrels; and as to the powdered grape, it should be looked out for adulterations in the shape of bean flour, soapstone or lead filings. The latter frequently coming off the buzzstones, and poisoning a family beyond hope of recovery.

Now what has been said is meant to express nobody's sentiments but my own, and I remain yours, S. W. JONES.

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SUPREME COURT.—Monday, Feb. 23d. Court met at 10 o'clock, a. m. All the Justices present.

The consideration of appeals were resumed, and causes called and disposed of, as follows:

Q. F. Neal, Adm'r, vs. Jos. Cowles et al., from Rowan. Argued by McCorkle & Bailey for the plaintiff. No counsel for the defendants.

Fannie Williams et al. vs. S. A. Sharpe, from Davie. Argued by J. M. McCorkle for the plaintiffs, and D. G. Fowle and W. H. Bailey for the defendant.

Anderson Kirby vs. M. Masten et al., from Forsythe. Argued by McCorkle & Bailey for the plaintiff, and T. J. Wilson and R. T. Gray for the defendants.

J. C. Turner vs. T. G. Haughton et al., from Rowan. Continued under the rules.

R. K. McConnell vs. S. P. Caldwell et al., from Mecklenburg. Continued under orders heretofore made.

Stenhouse & McCauley vs. Sneed and Smith, from Mecklenburg. Left open for decree.

Mary Lentile vs. W. W. Hart, from Mecklenburg. Argued by J. H. Wilson and J. W. H. Bailey for the plaintiff, and W. H. Bailey for the defendant.

State vs. J. L. Yarbrough et al., from Cleveland. Argued by Attorney General Hargrave for the plaintiff, and L. W. Harrington and R. T. Gray for the defendant.

Overman & Allison, executors, vs. Thomas Grier, executor, from Mecklenburg. Argued by J. H. Wilson for the plaintiffs, and J. H. Wilson for the defendant.

Bank of Charlotte vs. R. F. & J. M. Davidson, from Mecklenburg. Argued by J. H. Wilson for the plaintiff, and J. H. Wilson for the defendant.

Bank of Charlotte vs. Stenhouse & McCauley et al., from Mecklenburg. Argued by Wilson & Son for the plaintiff, and W. M. Shipp and Vance & Dowd for the defendant.

Court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. to-day (Tuesday).

SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WANTED.—At the request of J. H. Mills, Esq., Superintendent of the Oxford Orphan Asylum, and John Nichols, Esq., Grand Master of the Masonic Grand Lodge of this State, we publish the following circular in regard to the Orphan Asylum at Oxford:

In December, 1872, the Grand Lodge of this State, in order to the opening of an asylum at Oxford for the protection, training and education of indigent and promising orphans, several weeks were occupied in necessary preparations. Some necessary provisions were made, and predicted that spontaneous donations would not sustain such an institution. Others determined that so far as its success depended on them, their wealth should be put at the service of the benevolent societies and liberal individuals have supported it by their voluntary contributions, and many helpless and homeless orphans have been placed where they could receive comfortable clothing and faithful instruction will make them intelligent and useful citizens. The laws of the land afford but little protection to orphans, and the hard hand of avarice often holds them in and about the slavey. Legislators disregard their appeals. Orphans cannot vote, their fathers are all dead and the rich seldom espouse the cause of their poor relations. Careful observation has shown that by close economy each orphan may be fed, clothed and taught for five dollars a month. In order that different sections of the State may be represented and that the most urgent needs of the orphans may be supplied, we have determined that we will each pay one hundred dollars every year for five years; if seventy lodges, churches, benevolent societies or individuals will each pay fifty dollars every year for five years, and if one hundred lodges, churches, benevolent societies or individuals will each pay twenty-five dollars every year for five years, the people will then appreciate the value of the work and in some way make it permanent. Thus, for food, clothing and instruction, twelve thousand dollars a year may be raised, and smaller contributions will supply the furniture and fixtures. Will the friends of orphans raise this amount? The question is now before them.

Direct contributions are earnestly solicited. No countenances should be given to those who wish to grind their axes at the expense of the orphans, neither should public attention be diverted by new schemes for raising money out of others. When people feel for orphans, they should feel in their own pockets, and contribute to the Lord has prospered them. Contributions for this year, and pledges for future years should be sent to the Superintendent, at Oxford.

THE TUPPER CHURCH IMBROGLIO.—The Supreme Court yesterday reversed the decision of the Superior Court in the matter of the Tupper (colored) Church imbroglio, in which case the Church had been taken from the control of the Rev. Mr. Tupper and placed in the hands of the colored officials of the Church.

The Court reverses the decision upon the ground of want of jurisdiction in the Mayor's Court, in which Court Mr. Tupper was ejected.

THE DECISION OF THE SUPREME COURT IN THE PRINTING QUESTION.—The Supreme Court yesterday decided the question of the Public Printing, giving it to Josiah Turner, Jr., the appointee of the Legislature, against Wm. M. Brown, Esq., the appointee of the Governor. This settles the question as to its being an office.

FUNERAL OF THE LATE REV. R. S. MASON, D. D.—The funeral services of this universally beloved and faithful servant of God will take place to-day at Christ (Episcopal) Church, at 11 a. m. The remains will be interred in Oakwood Cemetery. The members of the Vestry of the Church, Messrs. K. P. Battle, W. E. Anderson, W. B. Cox, Seaton Gales, S. A. Ashe, E. B. Haywood, W. H. Jones and T. D. Hogg, will be the pall-bearers. In this connection we suggest the propriety of our business places closing during the progress of the funeral, as a fitting tribute to the memory of one who was beloved so long and

THE DAILY NEWS.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1874.
JORDAN STONE, Managing Editor.

It is said that the women liquor crusaders of Ohio have an able ally in the person of Gov. ALLEN.

AN EXCHANGE says that the story of South Carolina's wrongs is indeed an "Iliad of woes," and she the "Niobe of States."

IN NEW YORK there are said to be 7,322 liquor saloons in a flourishing condition. It is against these that the female crusaders propose to direct their batteries.

THE Senate of Maine has voted, by fourteen to twelve, to abolish the death penalty. If it passes the House and becomes a law, it is to be hoped that it will have a fair trial, and the still debated question of whether or not the death penalty is absolutely necessary, be settled for that State at least.

CINCINNATI is getting alarmed at the spread of the Woman's Temperance movement in Ohio. The saloon keepers threaten to insult any that lead a crusade against them, and to invoke the law for defense. The brewers have been in consultation, and it is said that the new movement is diminishing trade very largely, six hundred kegs per day having been taken by the saloons already closed. The brewers say that they won't stand it; but what they are going to do about it is not divulged. Many hundreds are signing the pledge throughout the State.

WE have in hand a copy of the remarks of J. M. MORING, Esq., of Chatham, delivered in the House of Representatives on Friday, the 12th inst., on the question of the State Debt. It was our pleasure to listen to the speech of Mr. MORING, and while we did not agree with some of the positions taken by the speaker, yet his remarks were admirably conceived and evidenced a thorough research into the important subject which he was handling. We have not room at present to insert the speech entire, but design doing so at an early day, as the people of North Carolina feel a peculiar interest in whatever effects this much vexed question.

Mr. MORING's substitute, which we published at the time, classified the debts of the State, offered a certain per centage of the same in settlement, and held that unless the creditors of the State accepted those terms at a given time, then the State was to be declared bankrupt. It is to be hoped that the substitute will be accepted. The substitute failed to become a law.

THE papers have already announced the death of Gen. LEWIS W. WIGFALL, which occurred at Galveston, Texas, a few days ago.

Gen. WIGFALL was, at the time of his death, a resident of the city of Baltimore, where he had removed, only a short while ago, to engage in the practice of his profession, the law. At the time of his death he was on a visit to Galveston.

Prior to the war he represented the State of Texas in the Senate of the United States, but upon the secession of his State, withdrew from that body to take a similar position under the Confederate Government. He was given the command of a brigade, but saw but little active service, as his duties as a Senator gave full occupation to his time and faculties.

Mr. WIGFALL was a pronounced Southern man while in the Congress of the United States, taking advanced ground upon all questions affecting his section. He was an ardent, steadfast friend, an orator of rare persuasive powers and a good parliamentarian, and was therefore always valuable in the debates which occurred in the body of which he was a member.

THE recent success of DISRAELI doubtless greatly surprised the GLADSTONE party, as the late Premier, when he dissolved Parliament and went before the country, confiding in the surplus in the treasury, and promising to abolish the income tax, could not have entertained any other result than an endorsement of his administration such as he had but lately received from the House of Commons. The Richmond Enquirer thus speaks of DISRAELI:

This great statesman to-day rejoices in the greatest political triumph of his life, and crowds of enthusiastic countrymen cheer him on his way to Windsor to receive the honors from his sovereign as premier of England. No statesman in history, especially English, illustrates more grandly than he the imperious force of genius and comprehensive education. A commoner by birth, the son of a retired scholar, and born of a race which, in less than half a century, was under absolute political ban in England, he has by force of genius, erudition, and pertinacious industry, attained the premiership of the country, and become the leader of that aristocracy which is the proudest, most intellectual in the world. So extraordinary is his career, so marked by remarkably vagaries of fortune, that its contemplation is almost invested with the picturesque glamor of romance. In the recent election the Liberal party has suffered a great defeat, and the Conservative achieved a great triumph; but a careful analysis fails for popular division, and it is therefore obviously rather a contest in regard to men than a fight for the supremacy of any well-defined political maxims.

WE published Friday the address adopted by the Tax-Payers' Convention of the State of South Carolina which was lately assembled in Columbia. The document is calculated to command the attention of reflecting men of all parties and sections. It is conceived in no spirit of passion or hate, but is rather the forcible and dignified statement, by those who have felt them, of the grievances and unnecessary burdens inflicted upon the tax-paying people of the State by the irresponsible men who have usurped the control of its government since 1868.

Time and again the press of that State and of the South has called the attention of the people of the North to the deplorable condition of his affairs; but these have been accepted as the declarations of partisans, seeking political advantage from the exposure of fraud and oppression. This paper goes to the world with a different impress. It is the deliberate, solemn work of a body of gentlemen, themselves sufferers from wrong, who pledge their characters to the truth of the statements uttered. They know whereof they speak, and they fortify their declarations by an array of figures that are appalling. Look at them. In 1865-'66 the total expenses of the State government were \$200,608; in 1873 these same expenses foot up the enormous aggregate of \$1,896,544. Can it possibly be pretended that such an increase is natural or necessary? Certainly no sane man acquainted with the condition of the Southern States can so believe. These figures become all the more startling when it is remembered that the value of the property of the State has decreased enormously by the result of the war. Much of the most profitable agriculture of South Carolina was her rice cultivation. This has been almost entirely destroyed, as we understand, as laborers cannot be obtained who are willing to work in the rice fields.

We hope that good may come of the address to which we have alluded, that some means may be devised for the relief of the oppressed but noble people of the Palmetto State.

AND NOW Boston is disturbed! Boston, above all other cities, Boston, we mean as to the Republican portion of her citizens, has been preeminently and superservicably loyal to GRANT since the advent of that hero as President. Nothing that GRANT did, nothing that Boston imagines that GRANT could or would do, could or would be wrong. Reconstruction acts were passed which placed the fairest portion of the domain of the Union under the control of ignorant and brutal negroes. Bostonsians of applause! Officers, when intended to be used for the promotion of the welfare of the people, were given as favors to personal friends and basely and brazenly used for personal ends, but Boston was blind to these errors, or saw in them nothing to condemn and denounce. Corruption flourished in high places and men charged with public trusts were using those trusts to accumulate wealth at the expense of a confiding people, but Boston uttered no word of warning and after discovery gave forth no sound of denunciation.

But now Boston is disturbed. One Russell, sometime and somewhere judge, has been the Collector of Customs for the port of Boston. RUSSELL has lately resigned, or been removed, we do not now remember which. In his stead the President has given the place to one SIMMONS, and thereat Boston has grown indignant. Her merchants protest; her citizens, other than merchants, protest; her papers protest. And SIMMONS' crime is that he is a friend of that amiable imp BEN BUTLER, and beside a "word politician." Now the latter may or may not be, an evidence of unfitness for a place of public trust, but the former reason is, we think, a valid objection to SIMMONS. He ought not to be put by BUTLER's aid in a position which will offer so many admirable opportunities for imitating BUTLER's sins. And despite Boston's former unsympathetic attitude towards all of those who have suffered by GRANT's incompetent appointments, we sympathize with her in this distress.

The effort making to secure the withdrawal of the nomination may or may not succeed. One thing is sure—BUTLER has frightened Boston out of her frigid indifference per SIMMONS.

RESOURCES OF WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.

A Mountain Residence—The "Dry Falls."

[Extracts from Edward King's Great South, in Scribner's Magazine for March.]

Western North Carolina is not only exceedingly fertile, but abounds in the richest minerals, and needs but the magic wand of the capitalist waved over it to become one of the richest sections of this Union. Occupying one-third of the entire area of the State, and possessing more than a quarter of a million of inhabitants, its present prospects are by no means disagreeable; but its prominent citizens, of all walks of life, are anxious for immigration and development of the rich stores of gold, iron, copper, mica and other minerals now buried in the hills. Let no one fancy that this mountain region is undesirable as an agricultural country; there are fewer richer and better adapted to European emigration. The staple productions of Haywood county are corn, wheat, rye, oats and hay; all vegetables grow abundantly, and the whole country is admirably fitted for grazing. The level bottom-lands on Pigeon River and its numerous

tributaries are under fine cultivation; the uplands and the slopes produce rich wheat; the ash, the sugar maple, the hickory and the oak are abundant; and white pine is rafted down the Pigeon River in large quantities yearly. But the exceptional fertility of most of the ranges throughout all the counties of the section is the great pride of the section. The sides and tops of the mountains are, in many cases, covered with a thick, vegetable mould, in which grow flourishing trees and rank grasses. Five thousand feet above the sea level one finds grasses and weeds that remind him of the lower region swamps. Cattle are kept in excellent condition all winter on the "evergreen" growing along the sides of the higher chains. Winter and summer, before the ravages of the war thinned out their stocks, the farmers kept hundreds of cattle on the mountains, feeding entirely on the grasses. In the spring the herds instinctively seek the young grasses springing up on the slopes, but with the coming of winter they return to the tops to find the evergreen. The balsam tree can easily be banished, for after being felled for a few months, it will burn easily, and in its stead will spring up thick coats of evergreen. On some of the mountain farms corn yields 100 bushels to the acre, and wheat, oats, rye and barley, flourish proportionately. In the "dead-endings," where a large timber has been girdled and left to die, and the undergrowth has been carefully cleared, timothy and orchard grass will grow as high as wheat. The native grape, too, flourishes on all the hillsides, within certain thermal lines established by observation of the elder mountaineers; and varieties of grapes can be selected, and so planted as to ripen at different periods of the autumn. The negro population is not numerous in western North Carolina. Wherever the black man is found, however, he is industrious, faithful, and usually quite prosperous. In some of the small towns, as at Waynesville, we found a gentleman's valet of other days officiating as a village tailor, barber, errand boy, coachman and "factotum."

A MOUNTAIN RESIDENCE.

The cabin where we rested stood on a very steep hill-side, and was composed of two solidly-constructed square log buildings, connected by a porch. The furniture was of the simplest character. There was a fire-place, a rough board table, with benches around it, a spinning wheel and a quilting frame, at which three tall girls were busily working. The rude walls and the plank floor were bare. In the other room stood one or two high bedssteads of simple pattern, a mirror, a few inches square, hung near them; there was a Bible and some musty books on the stand, and a rustic bureau pushed against the wall. The venerable matron of the household, with her gray hair combed smoothly back under her sun-bonnet, which she kept on, stood over the table with a fly brush, and served buttermilk from an earthen jar, while she gossiped with the doctor.

THE DRY FALLS.

It was a Hibernianism to call this glorious cascade the "Dry Falls," but the name was suggested by the fact that one may pass beneath the giant shelf, over which it pours, without receiving a severe wetting, although the water is hurled down, as if with such violence that the water is projected far from the rock, and the beholder seems to see a lace veil, at least sixty feet long, dependent from the hoary walls of the mountain. Passing under it, along the slippery rocks, one comes out upon another stone under beeting precipices, from which little streams run down, and around which the mist and spray rise, and can note the changing gleams of the sunshine as they play on the immense mass of foam suspended between earth and sky. Below, the stream passionately clutches at the rocks, and now and then throws them down into the chasm; there the billows in the stones which have been worn to a considerable depth by the spattering of the spray of hundreds of years upon them. Here a monument of water arises dozens of feet from the chaos which is huddled at the fall's bottom. Many of the rude figures seem to have human resemblances, and one might imagine them giants rising from the canon's depths to fear away the veil which has been drawn across the entrance to their cavern. The stream runs on a hundred and fifty feet below the summit of the falls in whirlpools and eddies, now forming into inlets in which reeds, ferns and blossoms flourish, and now making a deep, steady current, cold and crystal clear. The pines and spruces seventy feet high seem but toys by the sides of the immense walls! The light, too, in the canon below the mountain, is strange and fantastic, and seems to cast a glamour over every minute object. Even the pebbles, and the ferns and tiny grass-sprouts in the soil beneath the shelf over which the falls pour, are purple.

Then the voice—the voice of the fall! Heard from the laurel thicket, it seems to come from the very ground under your feet; heard from the cavern into which you pass, it is somber and complaining, like the winter wind about the house chimneys; and its echoes from the foot of the rapids, to which you may descend if you are like those from whose chosen choir, in a cathedral gallery, some chant of priests at High Mass, monotonous, grand, inspiring; "the height, the glow, the gloom, the glory," all blended, shock and awe the soul. Here is a fall upon whose virgin rocks no quack has painted his shameless sign; whose solitary magnificence thrills and impresses upon the mind as if in some rare land you came upon the dazzling luster of a priceless diamond.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VALUABLE PLANTATION. Offer for sale or rent a plantation situated about two miles southeast of the corporate limits of the city, containing about 250 acres, of which it is an original growth. The house contains six rooms and is well adapted for a residence. In case of sale, two-thirds of the purchase money can remain on Bond and Mortgage. For particulars apply to B. H. HAYWOOD.

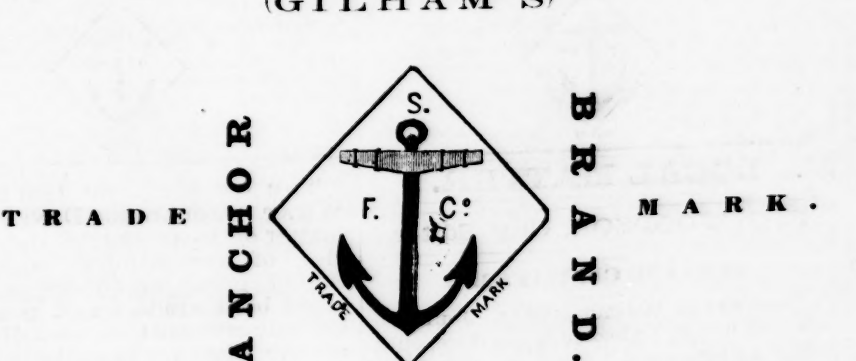
LOST.

In Raleigh, Feb. 12, 1874, a note payable to me, (signed by Mrs. Mary Blackwood and W. W. Johnson), for seventy-five dollars and due in March 1874. Payment of the note has been stopped. Any one finding said note will please give it to Messrs. G. T. Stronach & Bro., Feb. 18-44 B. F. HARRINGTON.

BUTTER, BUTTER, BUTTER. Fresh Mountain Butter, Country Butter, G. T. STRONACH & BRO.

FERTILIZER. THE CELEBRATED "COTTON" FERTILIZER.

(GILHAM'S) ANCHOR BRAND. TRADE MARK.



All the work of the "SOUTHERN FERTILIZING CO.," made from the formula of PROF. WM. GILHAM, is stamped with the above

PATENTED TRADE MARK.

to GUARANTEE it distinct from all others.

PREPARED ESPECIALLY AND SOLELY FOR THE

COTTON CROP.

By the "SOUTHERN FERTILIZING CO.," Richmond, Va.

"Each species of plant must have the SPECIFIC FOOD SUITED TO ITS PECULIAR NATURE in order to produce the largest and most remunerative results."

The highest TESTIMONIALS received from every direction—from many of the LARGEST FARMERS—from OPINIONS OF THE PRESS, and Newspaper Correspondents and other disinterested parties, through the DAILY PRESS, relative to its splendid action throughout the State.

has won such a marked and extensive reputation throughout the cotton growing region of North Carolina and Virginia, and has been so extensively used, and almost universally praised, that we deem it

TOO WELL KNOWN TO REQUIRE ANY PRAISE AT OUR HANDS.

Its Merit Speaks for Itself.

by the handsome yield it produces, and the large NET PROFIT realized from it.

Ask your neighbors, who have tried it, what they think of it. It pays a

NET PROFIT OF 200 PER CENT!!

NOTA BENA.—There will be only a certain LIMITED amount of this Fertilizer manufactured especially for OUR SUPPLY. Our friends, and the trade, would do well to send in their orders at once, to be booked ahead, and then, they can order as they may need it.

The "SOUTHERN FERTILIZING CO." use only the HIGHEST GRADE of suitable materials known to chemistry, and

Maintain and Guarantee a Uniform Standard.

This Fertilizer is sold by Merchants and Dealers generally, at all the principal cities, towns and stations, throughout North Carolina and Virginia.

SPECIAL AGENTS:

C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

COTTON FACTORS,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

We have the exclusive control of the "COTTON" FERTILIZER for North Carolina and Southeastern Virginia.

This Fertilizer can be had upon the following terms:

CASH BASIS:

\$80.00 per Ton, at our Warehouse, Drayage 50c. per Ton, additional.

Orders for 50 Tons and Upwards 12 per cent Discount.

Cash orders must be accompanied by the cash. No discount allowed on orders under FIVE TONS.

ON TIME (WITH APPROVED SECURITY).

\$55.00 per Ton, at our Warehouse, Drayage 50c. per Ton, additional. Payable 1st November next, without interest.

Orders for 30 Tons and Upwards 10 per cent Discount.

The Discount on Time Orders to be based on the CASH VALUE (\$80.00) per Ton. No Discount allowed on TIME ORDERS under Twenty Tons.

No Discount allowed, except for lots as named above. All letters of inquiry answered promptly. We do not consider it necessary to ASK ANY ONE TO BUY THIS FERTILIZER, but merely announce HOW and WHERE it may be had.

Address,

C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

COTTON FACTORS,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR THE "SOUTHERN FERTILIZING CO."

Feb 18-74

FERTILIZERS. 1874. FERTILIZERS! FERTILIZERS!

No. 1 Peruvian Guano, (Guanape.) Soluble Pacific Guano. Lister's Standard Super Phosphate of Lime. Whann's Rawbone Super Phosphate of Lime. Lister's Pure Ground and Dissolved Bone Land Plaster.

We again offer to the Planters of North Carolina, the above named HIGHLY approved Standard Fertilizers. These Guanos have been used season after season, and have uniformly given satisfaction, and we consider it unnecessary to give here any high sounding chemical analysis, to induce the prudent farmer to use them, as the experience of several years bears testimony in the most satisfactory manner as to their real merit and reliability. In the above we are offering Fertilizers that can be relied upon, and no one need take the great risk of experimenting with anything new and entirely unknown, because it is offered at an apparently low price.

PRICES: Soluble Pacific Guano, Cash \$50. Lister's Standard Super Phosphate, Cash \$50. Whann's Rawbone Super Phosphate, Cash \$55. Nov. 1st, 1874, \$52. Nov. 1st, 1874, \$52. Nov. 1st, 1874, \$50.

It is an admitted fact, confirmed by many years of experience, that an ordinary application of approved Standard Fertilizers to Cotton and Corn increases the yield to double the production of the same soil unfertilized. This statement is not exaggerated, on the contrary the results more frequently exceed than fall short of the above increase.

SPECIAL TERMS:

We will sell a limited quantity of SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO and LISTER'S STANDARD SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME for a bale (400 pounds) of Cotton per Ton, and WHANN'S RAWBONE SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME for a bale (500 pounds) of Cotton, per Ton of 2,000 pounds.

PAYABLE NOVEMBER 1st, 1874.

We guarantee all FERTILIZERS sold by us to be FREE FROM ADULTERATION. Our Fertilizers can be procured of our Agents at various points in the State. Send us your orders early and we will give them prompt attention.

HYMANS & DANCY,

Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants,

Feb 17 Dim & May 1st, NORFOLK, VA.

THE STAR AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FERTILIZER IN USE.

We are now prepared to furnish this justly celebrated Fertilizer to the farmers of North Carolina, for cash or on time. We sell it for less money than any other standard Fertilizer can be bought for in this State, and as a proof of its superiority to any other kind in use, we give a few certificates below from some of the best farmers in the State.

A. C. SANDERS & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS, RALEIGH, N. C.

MESSRS. A. C. SANDERS & CO., Raleigh: Dear Sirs—The Star Phosphate bought of you last Spring acted exceedingly well on my plantation, and I think it a No. 1 Fertilizer, and shall use it throughout next season. Yours truly, WILLIS H. WHITAKER.

MESSRS. A. C. SANDERS & CO., Raleigh: Gent—I used the ten (10) tons of the Star Phosphate bought of you last Spring on my plantation, and it turned out as well, if not better, than either of four other standard Fertilizers that I used. I wish you to reserve me some for next season. Yours truly, RUFUS L. IVEY.

MESSRS. A. C. SANDERS & CO., Raleigh: Gent—I am very much pleased with the Star Phosphate I bought of you last Spring. I cheerfully recommend it to all farmers, as the best Fertilizer I ever used. It acted well in every place I used it. Very truly yours, KIMBER JONES.

MESSRS. A. C. SANDERS & CO., Raleigh: Gentlemen—I cheerfully recommend the Star Phosphate I bought of you last Spring. It is, in my opinion, as good as any Fertilizer I ever used and I think all farmers would do well to try it. Yours truly, W. K. DAVIS.

MESSRS. A. C. SANDERS & CO., Raleigh: Gentlemen—I am so well pleased with the Star Phosphate I bought of you last season that I am glad to recommend it to the farmers of North Carolina as a No. 1 Fertilizer. I consider it equal to any I ever used, and shall use it along their next season. Very truly yours, W. A. BLOUNT.

G R A N D G I F T C O N C E R T.

KINSTON HOTEL.

Twenty-eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars in

valuable real estate and cash, to be distributed to the

TICKET HOLDERS AT THE

G R A N D G I F T C O N C E R T.

TO BE HELD AT LONG'S HALL,

KINSTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1874.

At which time Gifts will be distributed as follows:

1st. The Kinston Hotel and Furniture, (Family Furniture excepted), located in Kinston, N. C., corner of Queen and Caswell Streets. This is the only Hotel in the place, (a town of 1,500 inhabitants), is three stories high, has 32 bed rooms, parlor, 2 good stone well of water, and two large pantries, good wash-house, large dining room, and has a good patronage.

2nd. One modern built Cottage and lot located in Kinston, corner of King and Independent Streets, 30x51 feet, 9 feet brick basement, has four 18x18 feet rooms above, tiled with dining room, kitchen, pantries, etc., in basement. The lot contains one acre of ground under good fence, with stables, etc., all in perfect order, the house having been built in 1868.

3rd. One modern built Cottage and Furniture, (Bedding and Chamber set reserved county, N. C., on the Western N. C. Railroad. This Cottage was built in 1872, has seven rooms, and is one of the most desirable locations in Western North Carolina.

\$28,350.00 IN GIFTS AS FOLLOWS:

One Gift, Kinston Hotel and Furniture. \$15,000.00

" " House and lot in Kinston. 2,000.00

" " Cash Gift of \$2,000.00. 2,000.00

" " " " " " 1,000.00

" " " " " " 500.00

" " " " " " 250.00

" " " " " " 100.00

" " " " " " 50.00

" " " " " " 25.00

" " " " " " 10.00

28 Gifts amounting to \$28,350.00

ONE-TWELFTH OF THE TICKETS WILL DRAW PRIZES.

The object of this Concert is simply to convert the property into money, therefore I will not sell any more tickets than enough to pay the above Prizes, and incidentally, as a view of taking part in the drawing. The following well known gentlemen have been appointed Commissioners, and their supervision the drawing will take place: JOHN F. WOOTEN, Esq., Kinston, N. C.

Whole Tickets, \$10. Halves, \$5. Eleven Tickets, \$100. I will also announce that each and every person buying a ticket can at any and all times examine my books, and all business transactions connected with the enterprise, and it will insure a fair and impartial distribution.

